# FM 1485 Expansion

(HGAC Project ID #1314)

# **Benefit-Cost Analysis**



Montgomery County

August 2024

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### 1.0 Executive Summary

FM 1485, between Loop 494 to SH 99, is a 2-lane roadway, classified as a major collector. This section of FM 1485 is approximately 5.8 miles and is included in the Montgomery County Major Thoroughfare Plan. This facility serves as an east/west connection between New Caney & SH 99/Lake Houston.

The roadway does not meet current design standards. The roadway has narrow shoulders and has poor sight distance due to inadequate horizontal and vertical curves.

The project proposes to widen FM 1485 from 2 to 4-lanes with a 16-foot-wide raised median; 10-foot-wide shoulders and a 10-foot-wide shared use path would be in both directions.

FM 1485 widening will provide New Caney with an expanded corridor and a new updated interchange at SH 99 that will increase safety, capacity and functionality.



Figure 1: FM 1485 Project Map

Project Title:	FM 1485 Expansion
County:	Montgomery
Facility Type:	Non-Freeway
Federal Functional Class:	Major Collector
Street Name:	FM 1485
Limits (From):	Loop 494
Limits (To):	SH 99
Length (in Miles):	5.83
Application ID Number:	1314

Table 1: Project Information

The 1485 corridor expects steady population and household growth near the corridor, which will create new jobs and activity centers.

The greatest benefit of the project would be the construction of additional travel lanes. This will improve the current congestion and delays on FM 1485, allowing traffic to flow more freely, decrease daily interruptions, increase safety, and increase the overall speed of traffic.

### 2.0 Purpose

This benefit-cost analysis (BCA) quantifies the net benefits and cost of building and maintaining FM 1485 in Montgomery County. The BCA illustrates that the benefits of replacing and upgrading the existing 2-lane open ditch roadway to a 4-lane boulevard section justifies the costs.

This BCA analysis details the benefits and costs identified, benefit methodologies, project costs, and the overall benefit-cost ratio for the proposed project. Furthermore, this BCA outlines additional quantitative benefits of the project that have not been assigned a monetary value.

### 2.1 Methodology

Montgomery County has elected to use HGAC's BCA methodology and spreadsheets to calculate the safety and mobility benefits of the proposed improvements. The HGAC methodology utilized the crash, emissions, and delay benefits template spreadsheets to calculate the project benefits. The spreadsheets contain all standardized assumptions to determine present value benefits.

- Roadway Crash Benefits
- Roadway Emissions Benefits
- Roadway Transit Delay Benefits
- Active Transportation Emissions Benefits

\*All the template calculators used to find the benefit results are in the link below.

<u>Transportation Project Selection Process | Houston-Galveston Area Council (H-GAC)</u>

#### 2.2 2045 RTP Goals

The proposed improvements to FM 1485 meet the five goals of the 2045 RTP:

- 1. Improve Safety: Widening from two to four lanes and installing a raised median along the entire length of FM 1485 is anticipated to reduce crashes by 45% over the service life of 20 years. Our proposed improvements go beyond just constructing the interchange, and include the following:
  - Improve Horizontal Alignment (55% Crash Reduction Factor)
  - Improve Vertical Alignments (50% Crash Reduction Factor)
  - Convert from 2 Lane Facility to 4-Lane Divided (45% Crash Reduction Factor)
  - Install Traffic Signal(s) (35% Crash Reduction Factor)
  - Install Warning/Guide Signs (20% Crash Reduction Factor)
  - Install Raised Median (25% Crash Reduction Factor)
  - Safety Treat Fixed Objects (50% Crash Reduction Factor)
  - Install Sidewalks/SUP (65% Crash Reduction Factor)
  - Widen Paved Shoulders (25% Crash Reduction Factor)
  - Construct Interchange (65% Crash Reduction Factor)
- 2. Achieve and Maintain a State of Good Repair: The proposed project would completely reconstruct this section of FM 1485, requiring minimal maintenance for at least 20 years after completion.
- 3. Move People and Goods Efficiently: As a proposed multimodal facility, FM 1485 would be able to efficiently move vehicles, goods, and pedestrians/cyclists in a safe manner.
- 4. Strengthen Regional Economic Competitiveness: Proposed improvements to FM 1485 would provide enhanced connectivity for passenger vehicles and freight to I-69 and SH 99 for this growing community. 2045 population estimates a 207% growth from 2018 along with 180% growth in employment within the TAZ. The number of housing units in 2045 is anticipated to increase by 195%. FM 1485's growth and development, along with the proposed improvements, will create an area that is more desirable to live in by ensuring fair mobility for all community members, will expand access and economic opportunities in and within Lake Conroe, increase tax base through new residential and commercial properties, and improving residents' quality of life by reducing road congestion and providing greater travel pattern options. Activity centers, including Lake Houston Wilderness Park, Lake Houston, and both SH 99 Tollroad and IH 69 are served by FM 149 and the connecting roadway network in this region of Montgomery County.

#### Households:

2018: 4,436

2045: 15,731

Population:

2018: 12,820

2045: 39,301

Jobs:

2018: 2,270

2045: 6,351

5. Conserve and Protect Natural and Cultural Resources: Montgomery County will be conducting an Environmental Assessment (EA) for the proposed improvements along FM 1485. After assessing environmental resources and constraints, the alignment and footprint of the roadway will be designed to avoid, minimize and mitigation sensitive environmental resources (natural and cultural). By adding one additional travel lane in each direction, congestion along the facility would be reduced, therefore improving overall air quality.

#### 3.0 Benefits

We have selected the following safety improvements as they are the most critical and beneficial to FM 1485.

## Roadway - Crash Benefits

After inputting our traffic volumes from 2022 and projected values for 2029, we were able to see how the Safety Benefits were being calculated. Using the HGAC Methodology, the following results have been outputted from the Roadway - Crash Template.

Year Open to Traffic?	2029	
Safety Improvement Type 1	Construct Interchange	
Work Type Code	515	
Preventable Crash Type	Intersection Related	
Appropriate Crash Reduction Factor (%):	65%	
Service Life (years):	30	
Safety Improvement Type 2	Improve Vertical Alignment	
Work Type Code	505	
Preventable Crash Type	Non-Intersection related (Roadway Related)	
Appropriate Crash Reduction Factor (%):	50%	
Service Life (years):	10	
Safety Improvement Type 3	Convert 2-Lane Facility to 4-Lane Divided	
Work Type Code	538	
Preventable Crash Type	Non-Intersection related (Roadway Related)	
Appropriate Crash Reduction Factor (%):	45%	
Service Life (years):	20	
Bike/Ped Improvement Type	Install Sidewalks	
Work Type Code	407	
Preventable Crash Type	Pedestrian, Cyclist	

Table 2: Proposed Improvements (Crash Benefits)

Appropriate Crash Reduction Factor (%):	65%
Service Life (years):	10

Table 2: Proposed Improvements (Crash Benefits) (Continued)

2022 Traffic Volume	10,582
Estimated traffic volume in year Open to Traffic	13,090
2022 Potential Daily Walk/Bike Commuters	152
Potential Daily Walk/Bike Commuters in Year	183
Open to Traffic	

Table 3: Daily Travel Demand (Crash Benefits)

Discounted Safety Benefits @ 7% (\$)	\$240,769,000
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Table 4: Crash Benefit Results

### Roadway - Emissions Benefits

Inputting our type of improvements and average speeds of before and after, we can see the output NOx and VOC Benefits. Using the HGAC Methodology, the following results were calculated from the Roadway - Emissions Template.

Year Open to Traffic?	2029
Type of Improvement	Roadway improvements (Added Capacity, Grade
	Separations) including HOV
Type of Facility	Non-Freeway
Total Length of Corridors Affected by Project	5.8
(miles)	
Average Roadway Speed Before Improvement	41
(mph)	
Average Roadway Speed After Improvement	43
(mph)	
Service Life of Project (from MoSERS)	20

Table 5: Proposed Improvements (Roadway Emissions Benefits)

2022 Average Daily Traffic Volume of Corridors Affected by project	10,582
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Table 6: Daily Travel Demand (Roadway Emissions Benefits)

Discounted NOx Benefits @ 7% (\$)	\$2,075
Discounted VOC Benefits @ 7% (\$)	\$1,011,104

Table 7: Benefit Results (Roadway Emissions Benefits)

Discounted Emissions Benefits @ 7% (\$)	\$1,013,179
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Table 8: Total Emissions Benefit Results (Roadway Emissions Benefits)

NOx Emission Reductions (tons)	0.15
VOC Emission Reductions (tons)	1.52

Table 9: Total Emissions Reductions (Roadway Emissions Benefits)

## Roadway - Transit Delay Benefits

After incorporating the Interim calculations, inputting our improvements, speeds, and traffic volumes we were given our calculated benefits. Using the HGAC Methodology, the following results have been given to us from the Roadway - Transit Delay Template.

Year Open to Traffic?	2029
Type of Improvement 1	Adding New Lanes or Roads
Estimated Delay Reductions (in %)	30%
Service Life (years):	20
Type of Improvement 2	Intersection Turn Lanes
Estimated Delay Reductions (in %)	30%
Service Life (years):	10
Type of Improvement 3	Signal Operations & Management
Estimated Delay Reductions (in %)	20%
Service Life (years):	10

Table 10: Proposed Improvements (Transit Delay Benefits)

Interim Calculations	Per Veh In hours	Per Veh In minutes
Estimated Free Flow Travel Time	0.146	8.75
Estimated Average Peak Period Travel Time without project	0.160	9.60
Estimate Average Delay without project	0.014	0.85
Estimated Delay with project 1	0.010	0.60
Estimated Average Peak Travel Time with project 1	0.156	9.34
Estimated Delay with project 1 & 2	0.007	0.42
Estimated Average Peak Travel Time with project 2	0.153	9.16
Estimated Delay with projects 1, 2 & 3	0.006	0.33
Estimated Average Peak Travel Time with projects 1, 2 & 3	0.151	9.08

Table 11: Interim Calculations for the Delay Reductions

VHT Improvements	Without Project	With Project
Peak period VHT In year open to traffic in	1.470	1.391
hours	1,470	1,331

Table 12: VHT Improvements

2022 Traffic Volume (AADT)	10,582
2022 Peak Period Traffic Volume	7,792
Peak Period Traffic Volume in Year Open to Traffic	9,193
Estimated Free Flow Speed before improvement (mph)	40
Average Peak Period Corridor Speed before improvement (mph)	36

Table 13: Daily Travel Demand (Transit Delay Benefits)

Discounted Delay Benefits @ 7% (\$)	\$24,089,000
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Table 14: Benefit Results (Transit Delay Benefits)

# **Active Transportation - Emissions Benefits**

After finding our daily VMT reductions from the HGAC Activity-Connectivity Explorer (ACE), we saw our NOx and VOC benefits and reductions. Using the HGAC Methodology, the following results have been calculated from the Active Transportation - Emissions Benefits Template.

Year Open to Traffic?	2029
Type of Improvement Project	Paved Shoulder/Shared Use Path
Length	5.83
Applicable Project Service Life (years)	20

Table 15: Proposed Improvements (Transportation Emissions Benefits)

Total Daily VMT Reductions (H-GAC ACE)	51.4
Estimated Total Walking/Bicycling Commuter Daily VMT Reduction with	57
potential mode shift in Year Open to Traffic	

Table 16: Daily VMT Reductions

Discounted NOx Benefits @ 7% (\$)	\$202
Discounted VOC Benefits @ 7% (\$)	\$9,829

Table 17: Benefit Results (Transportation Emissions Benefits)

Discounted Emissions Benefits @ 7% (\$)	\$10,032
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Table 18: Total Emissions Benefit Results (Transportation Emissions Benefits)

NOx Emission Reductions (tons)	0.01
VOC Emission Reductions (tons)	0.01

Table 19: Total Emissions Reductions (Transportation Emissions Benefits)

#### 4.0 BCA Results

After using the Roadway – Crash, Roadway – Emissions, Roadway – Transit Delay, and Active Transportation – Emissions template sheets, we were able to sum up all sheets to get a final benefits summary. Our final value including each of the 4 sheets totaled out to be \$265,881,211.

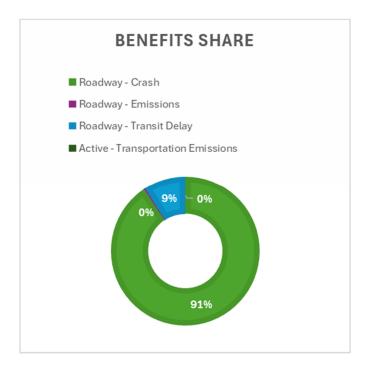


Figure 2: Benefits Share

Roadway - Crash	Roadway -	Roadway -	Active - Transportation	SUM
	Emissions	Transit Delay	Emissions	
\$240,769,000	\$1,013,179	\$24,089,000	\$10,032	\$265,881,211

Table 20: Total Discounted Benefits

### Benefit-Cost Ratio Analysis

Using the benefits we have calculated from HGAC's Benefit templates, we calculated a Benefit-Cost Ratio where our cost considers all construction, design, and labor encompassed over the duration of the project. Anything over a 1.0 ratio means the 20-year life-cycle benefits of a project exceed the estimated project-related costs over the same period.

This cost was provided to us by Montgomery County. Benefits and Costs in real dollars are shown in the table below. The benefit-cost ratio is 2.80 in 2022 real dollars.

Scenario	\$2022 Real Dollars
Benefits	\$265,881,211
Construction Costs (Scoping estimate provided by Montgomery County)	\$95,000,000
BCA Ratio	2.80
Net Present Value	\$170,881,211

Table 21: BCR Analysis