

Restoring Water Quality in Texas Surface Waters

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Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Texas TMDL Program

Clean Water Act

- ▲ list impaired waters
- ▲ take action to restore

▲ Impaired

- ▲ *Texas Surface Water Quality Standards* identifies uses and criteria
- ▲ does not meet the criteria for support of its beneficial uses.
- ▲ Texas Water Quality Inventory and 303(d) List

▲ Restoration

- ▲ establish a total maximum daily load
- ▲ develop an implementation plan.



TMDL Development Process **Public Comment** 303(d) List **TCEQ** Approval **EPA** Approval **Initiate TMDL Projects for Impaired Waters Public Comment TCEQ** Approval **TMDL** Allocation Report **Develop** Implementation Plan **Stakeholders** Implement **The Plan**

Clear Creek Watershed TMDL

Impaired

- ▲ *Texas Surface Water Quality Standards* identifies contact recreation standards for bacteria (E. coli)
- Six water bodies in the Clear Creek Watershed area are listed for exceeding the contact recreation standard
 - ▲ Clear Creek Tidal (Segment 1101)
 - ▲ Chigger Creek (Segment 1101B)
 - ▲ Clear Creek Above Tidal (Segment 1102)
 - ▲ Cowarts Creek (Segment 1102A)
 - Mary's Creek/North Fork Mary's Creek (Segment 1102B)
 - ▲ Robinson Bayou (2425C)



Key Elements of the Program

▲ TMDL – Total Maximum Daily Load

- ▲ Determines the maximum amount (load) of a pollutant that a water body can receive and still maintain the beneficial uses
- ▲ Allocates this load to pollutant sources in the watershed.

▲ Implementation Plan

A detailed description of the regulatory and voluntary actions necessary to achieve the pollutant reductions identified in a TMDL.

▲ Each phase requires a separate advisory group



Main Elements of a TMDL

A Problem Definition

▲ How bad, where, and when

▲ Source Identification and Analysis of Loads

- ▲ What are the sources of the bacteria and how much do they contribute
 - ▲ Discharges, Runoff, Wildlife' Sediment in the streams
 - ▲ Stakeholders supply local information

Source Loads and Receiving Waters Concentrations

▲ What are the affects of the source loads on the water quality



Main Elements of a TMDL

A Endpoint Identification/Target Load

For the flow conditions in the streams, how much can be discharged and still maintain the standard

▲ Margin of Safety

- ▲ Factor for future growth in the watershed
- ▲ May be explicit or implicit
- ▲ Pollutant Load Allocation (permitted and non-permitted)
 - How much do permitted and non-permitted sources need to be reduced to meet the target load



Implementing TMDLs

- ▲ Implementation plans (IPs) are collaborative and involve a wide variety of stakeholders.
- ▲ Control actions for discharges regulated through permits; management measures for discharges that are not regulated through permits
- ▲ Often, plans are phased in based on progress in achieving water quality improvement.
- ▲ Water quality improvement may take years.
- ▲ Monitoring progress is crucial.



Control Actions

- TMDL allocations for discharges regulated through permits:
 - ▲ New or amended permitted loads must be consistent with the TMDL.
 - ▲ New facilities or amended permits may be required to meet more stringent effluent limits.
 - Storm water permits may receive new or more stringent limits.
 - Permittees may no longer be eligible for general permits.
 - Additional monitoring and reporting requirements may be needed.
 - Permittees may have the opportunity to negotiate effluent trading agreements to meet net load limit for watershed.

Management Measures

- TMDL allocations for discharges that are not regulated through permits
 - ▲ Managed through the use of best management practices (BMPs):
 - Management of runoff from sources without a storm water permit
 - Detention basins, filter strips, infiltration basins, porous pavement, retention ponds, swales, etc.
 - Management of operations to decrease or eliminate pollutants in runoff
 - ▲ Spill prevention and control, source controls, education, etc.



The TMDL process is designed to determine the source of the problem and to set limits.

Establish Load Limits

The Implementation process determines the plan that will return the water bodies to their designated uses.

Reduce bacteria concentrations in the water bodies and achieve levels suitable for contact recreation





QUESTIONS

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