

H-GAC Briefing October 20, 2021

The Planning Partners























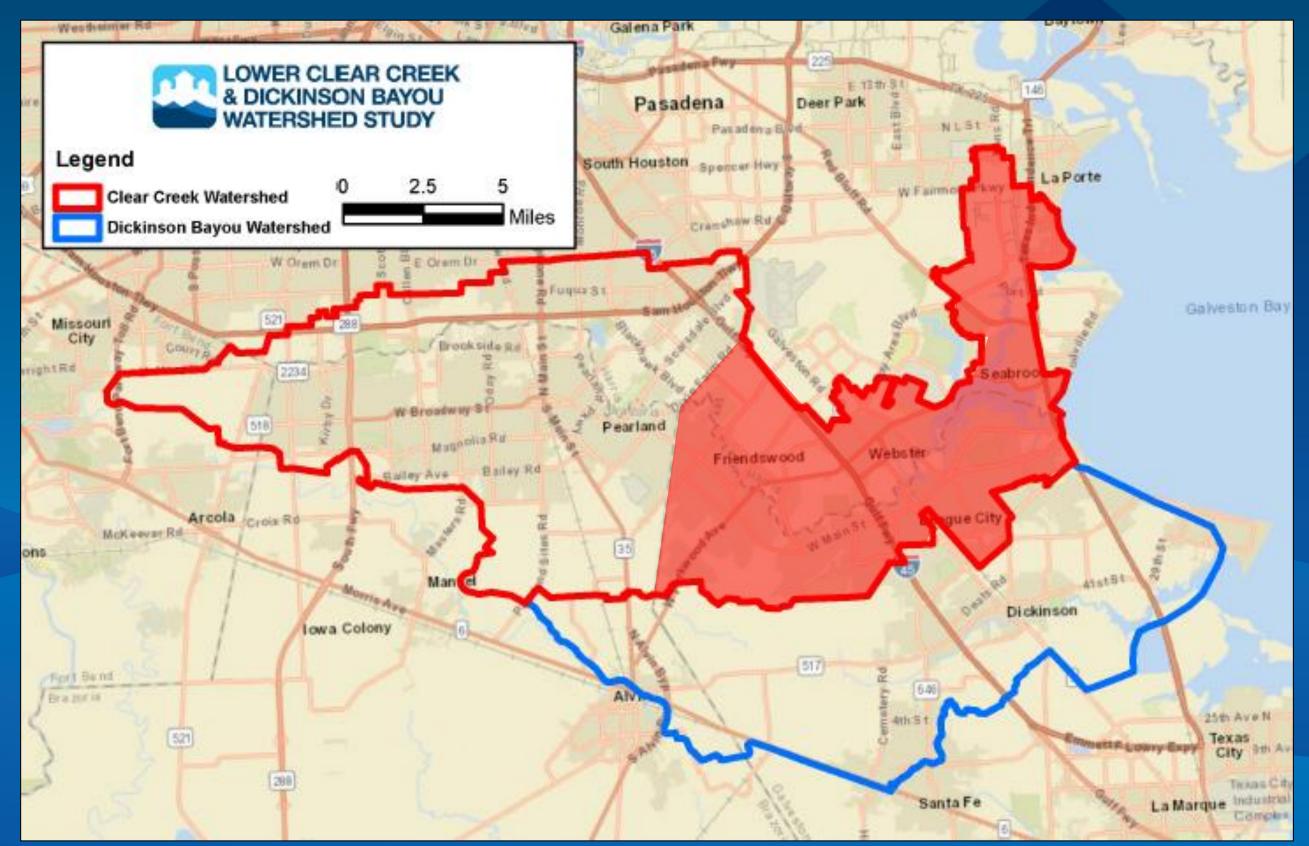
Project Purpose

Develop a comprehensive flood mitigation plan for the Lower Clear Creek and Dickinson Bayou Watersheds, including <u>identification of vulnerabilities</u> in the watersheds and <u>development and</u> <u>refinement of concepts</u> to reduce flooding



LOWER CLEAR CREEK & DICKINSON BAYOU WATERSHED STUDY

Project Area





Project Focus

- This is a riverine study of regional magnitude.
- Storm analysis based on 24-hour duration, Atlas 14 intensity.
 - 2-, 5-, 10-, 50-, 100-, and 500-year events analyzed
- Models calibrated to Tax Day 2015, Hurricane Harvey 2017



ude. , Atlas 14

its analyzed ane Harvey

Existing Flooding Risk



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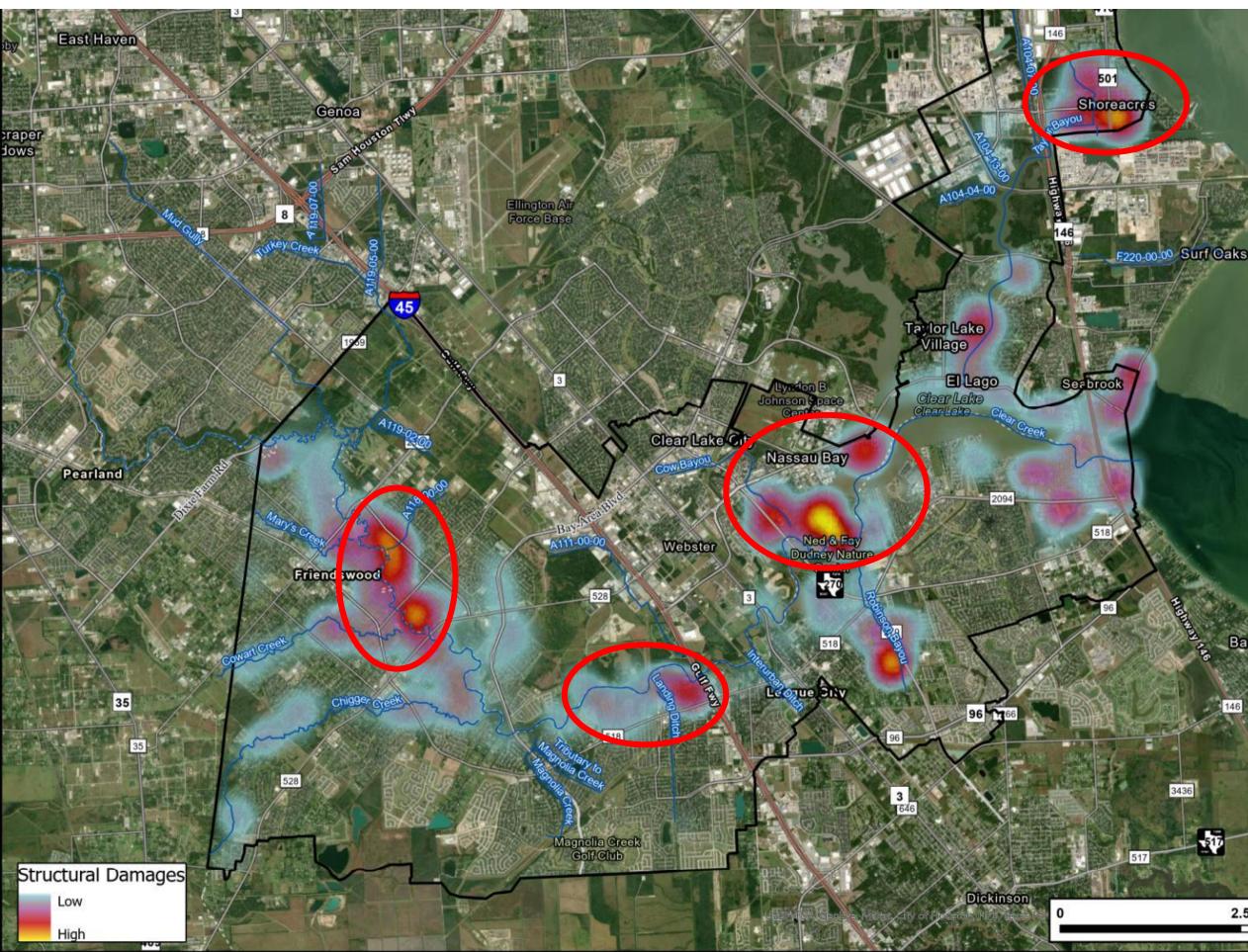


Important Note...

- The flood risk analysis shows inundation directly caused along the creeks, but not by localized storm drain capacity constraints.
 - Damages and flooding instances are likely higher than what is presented.
 - The benefits provided by riverine alternatives will also be higher than what is presented as all storm drainage systems eventually outfall to the creeks, so lowering the flood elevation on the creeks will benefit local drainage system performance.



CC Damage Centers - High Flooding Instances

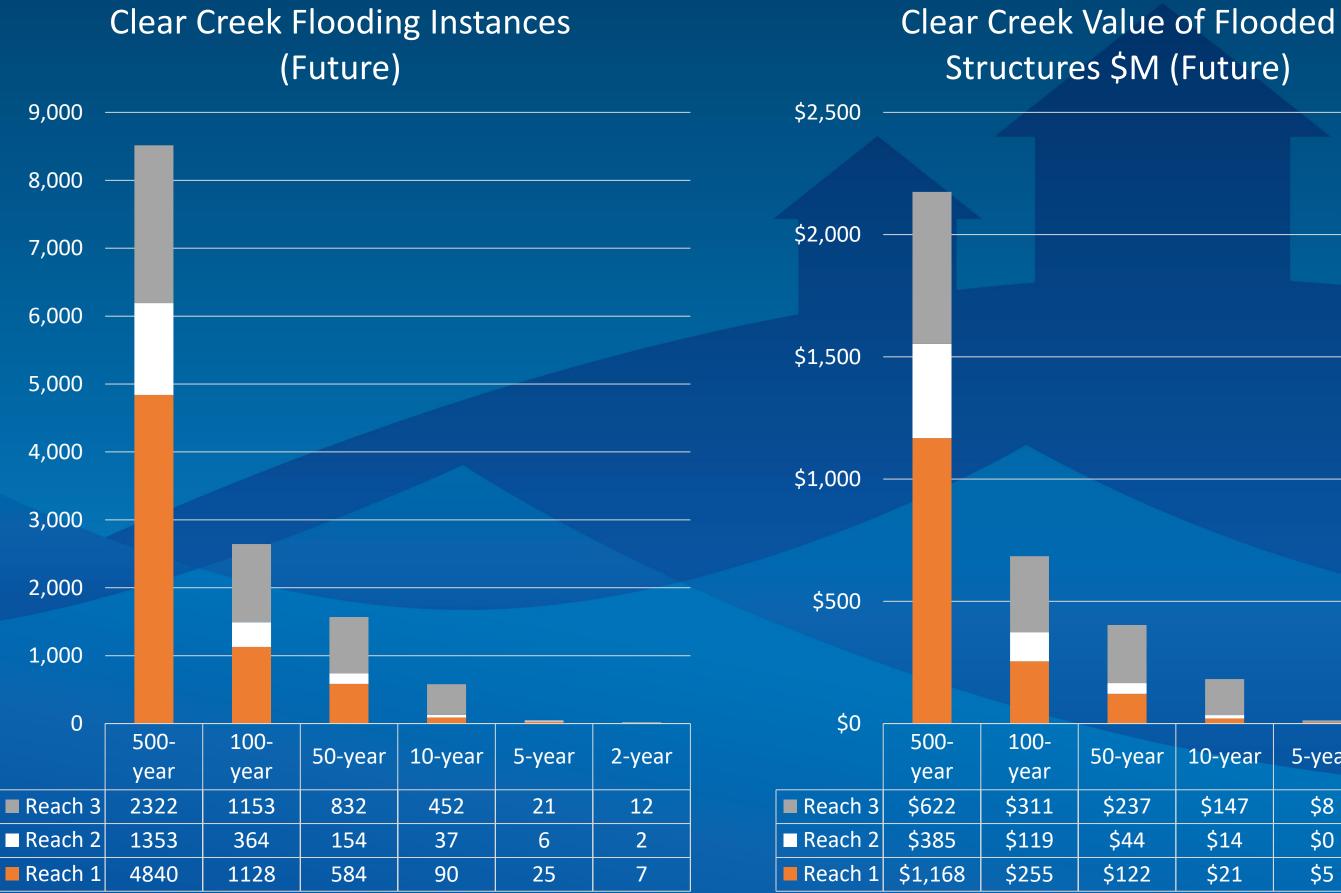




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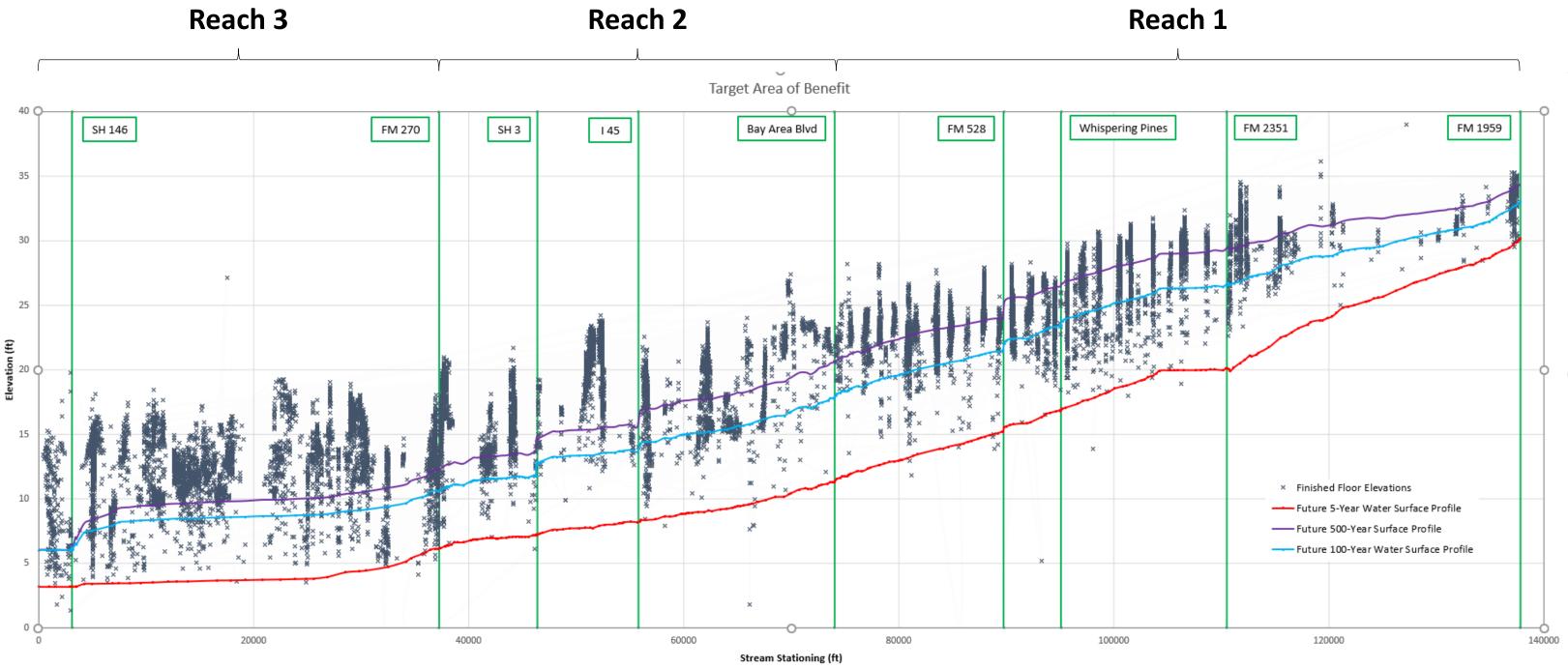
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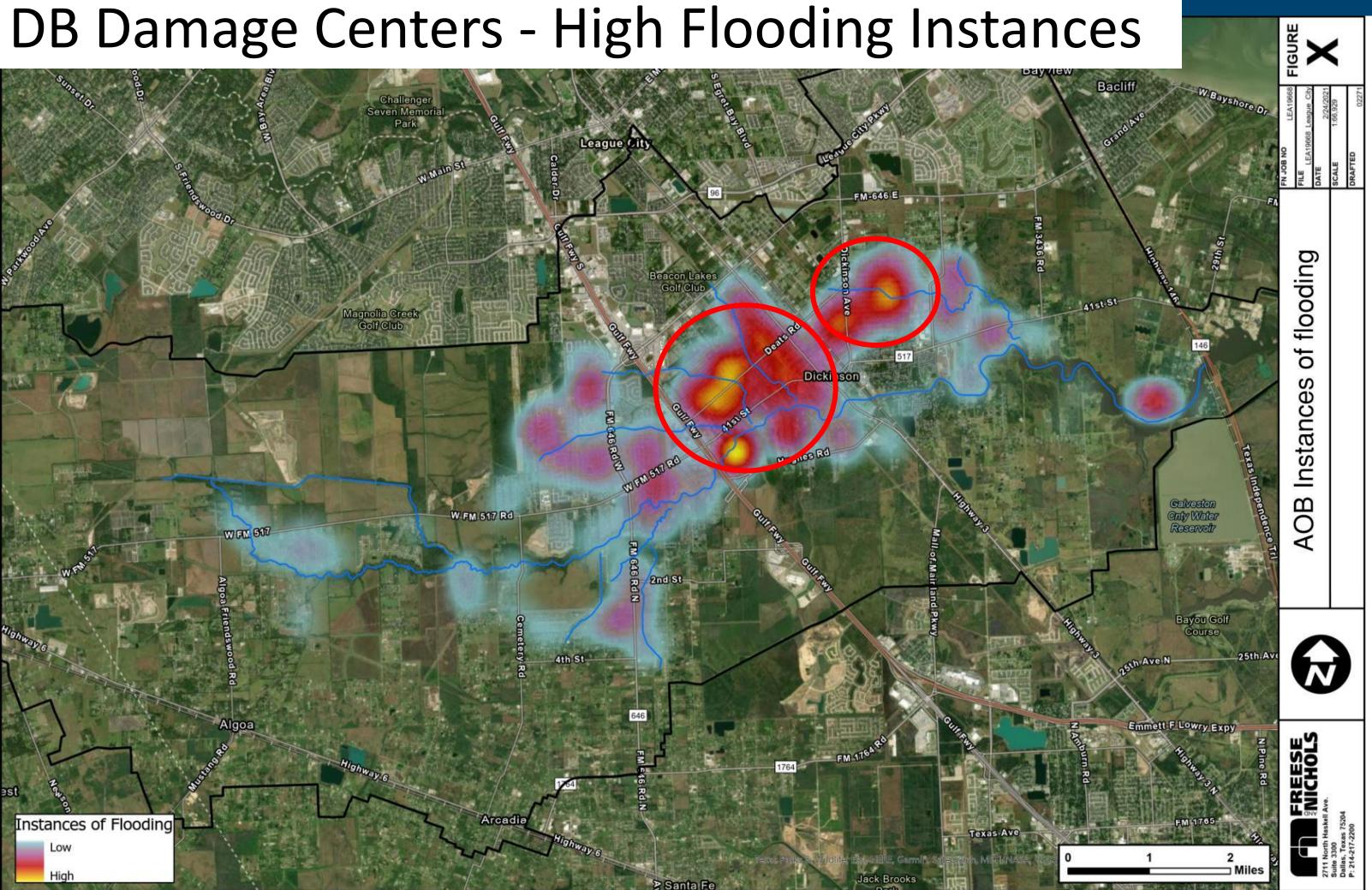


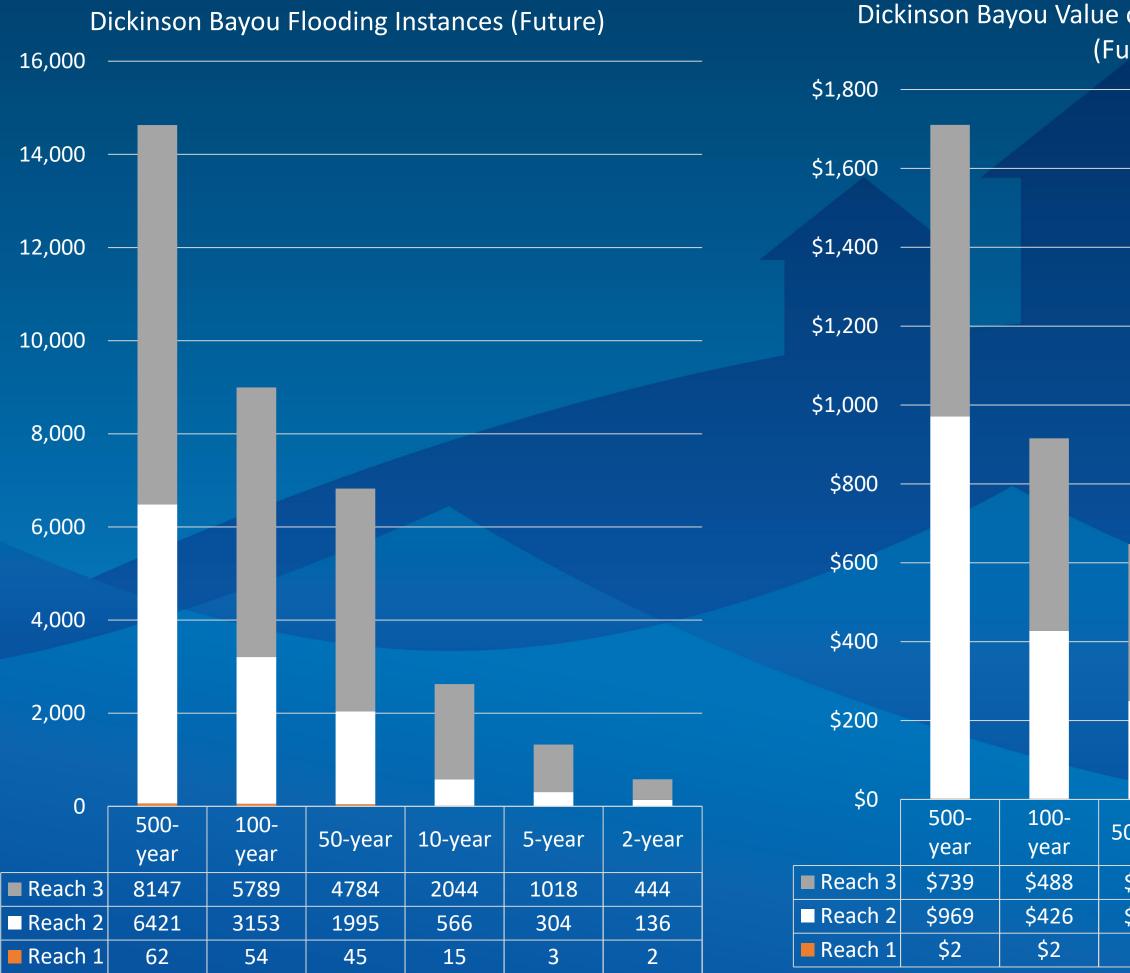


year	10-year	5-year	2-year
.37	\$147	\$8	\$6
44	\$14	\$0	\$0
.22	\$21	\$5	\$1

Clear Creek Finished Floor Elevations





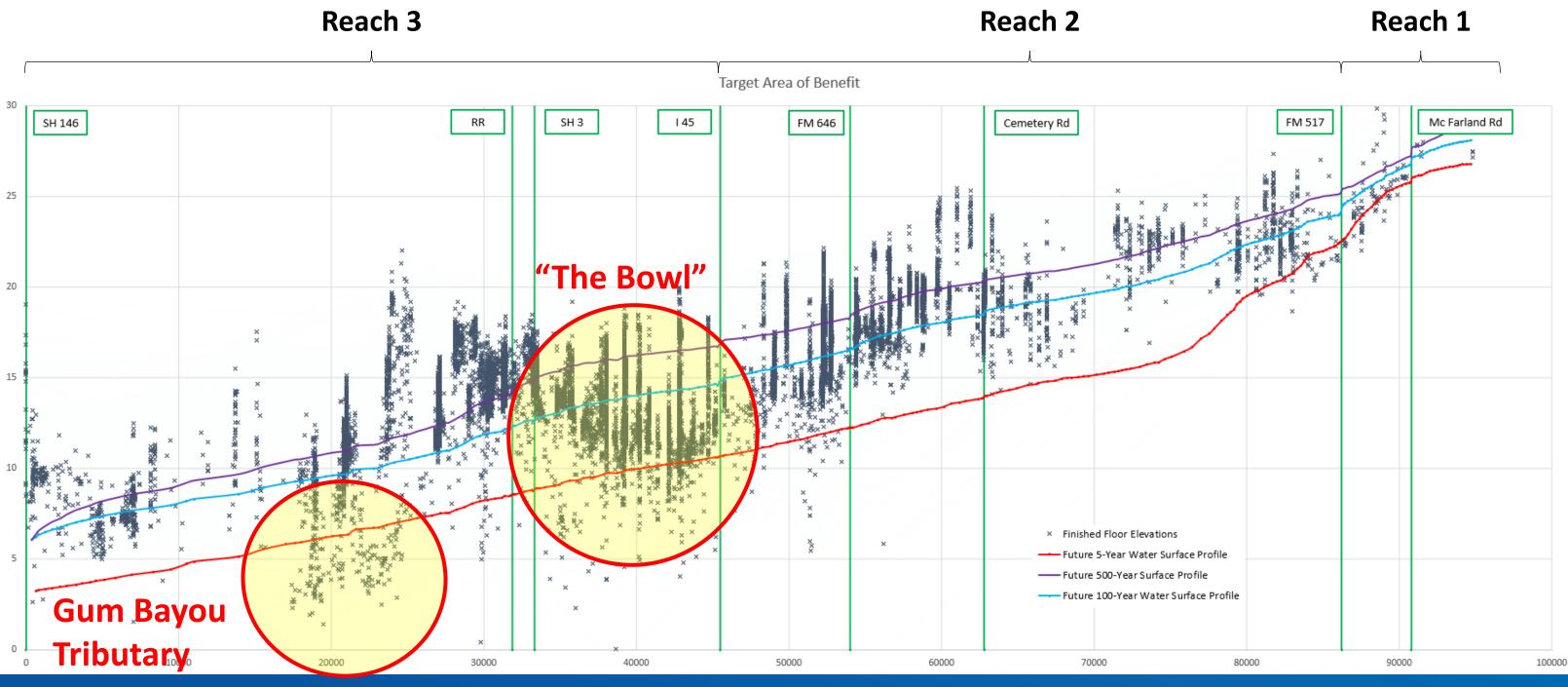


Dickinson Bayou Value of Flooded Structures \$M (Future)

50-year	10-year	5-year	2-year	
So year				
\$398	\$168	\$81	\$43	
\$248	\$68	\$33	\$16	
\$1	\$1	\$0	\$0	

Dickinson Bayou Finished Floor Elevations



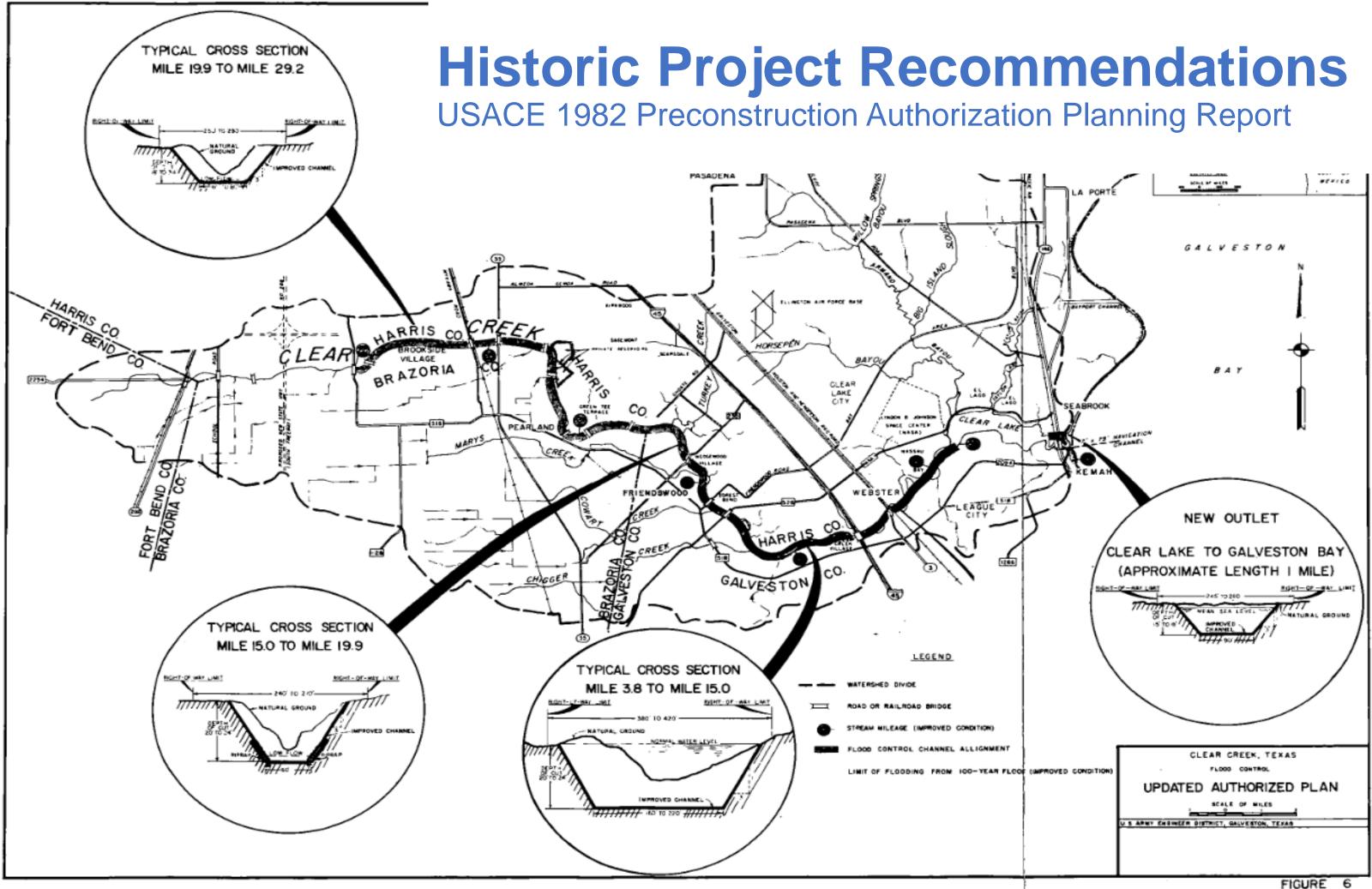




Mitigation Alternatives



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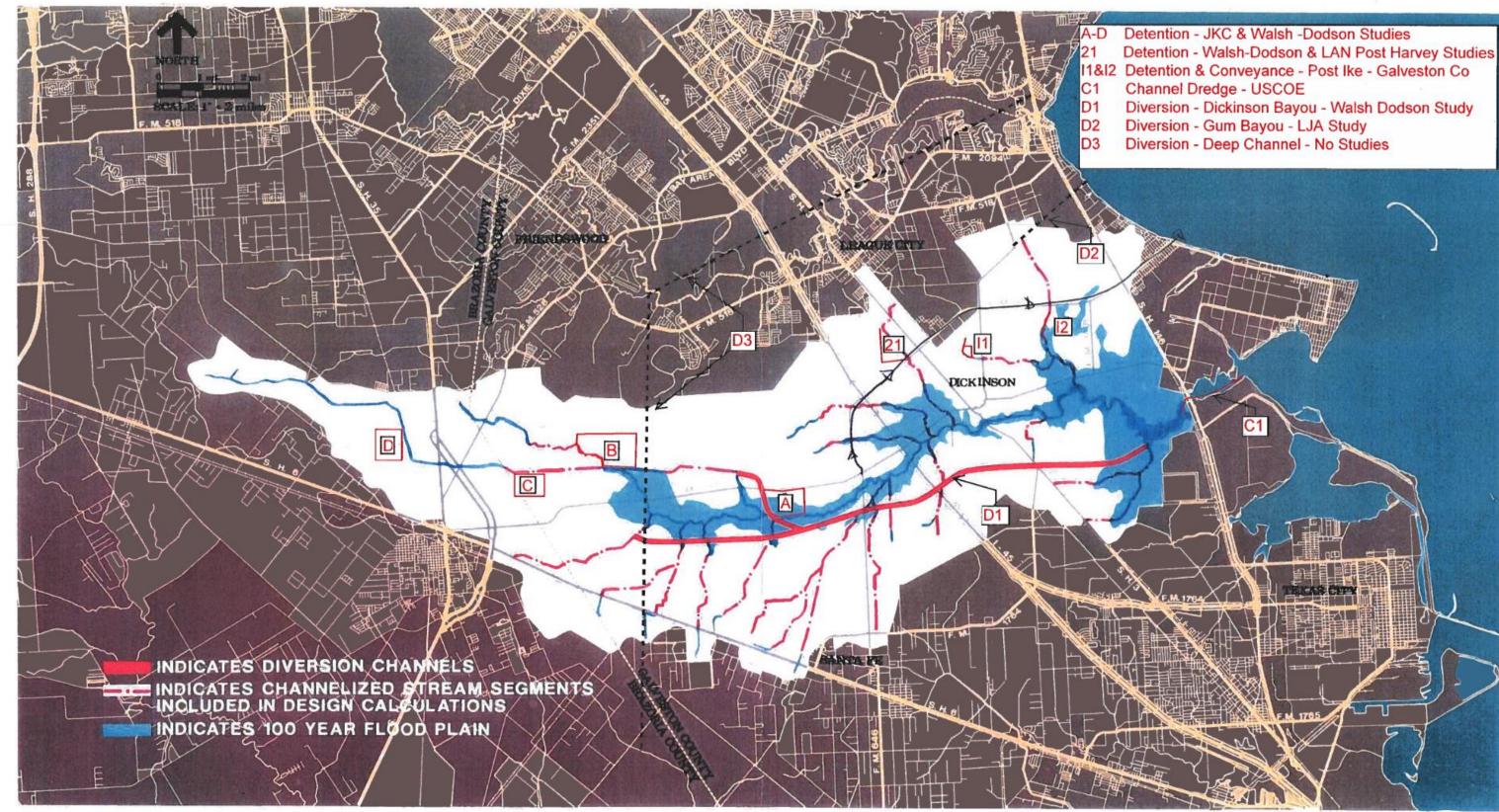


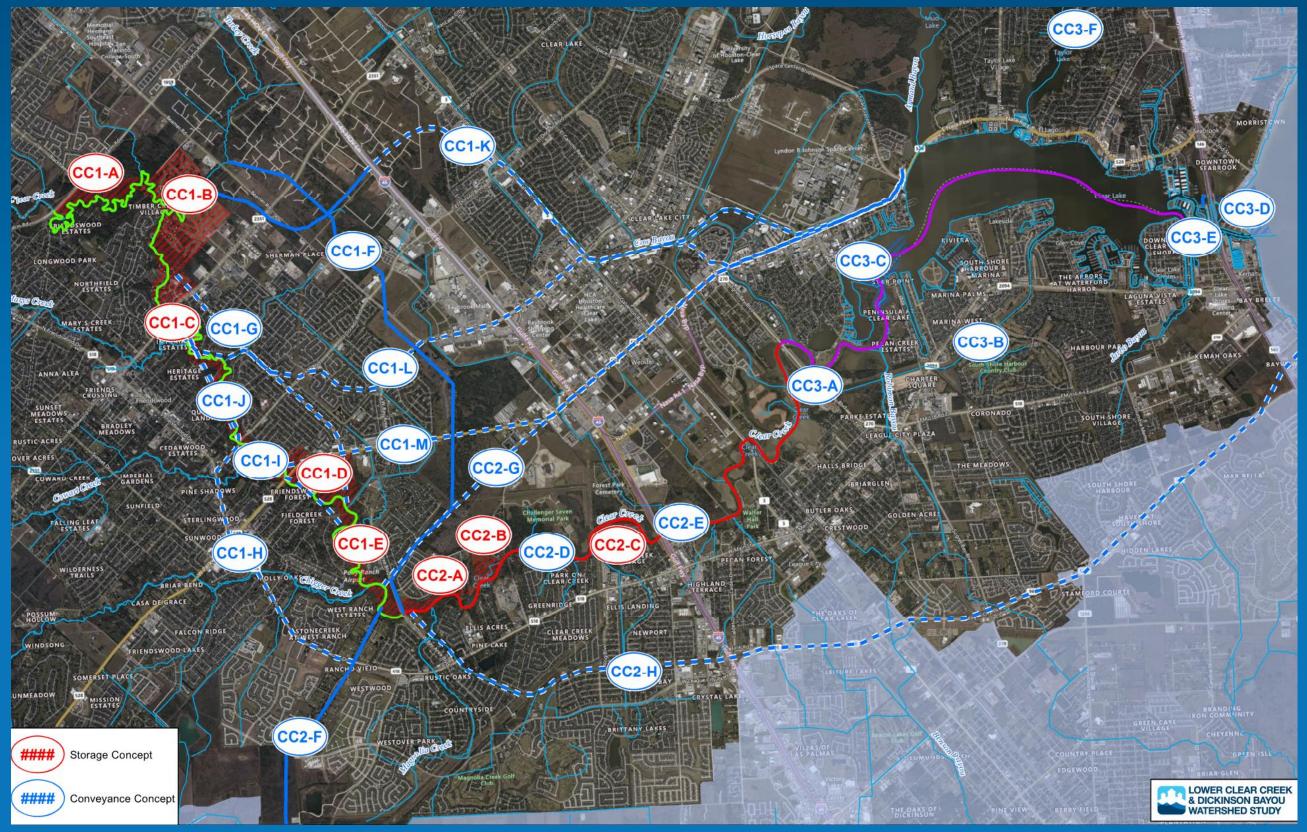
EXHIBIT 10: Channelization / Diversion Alternative



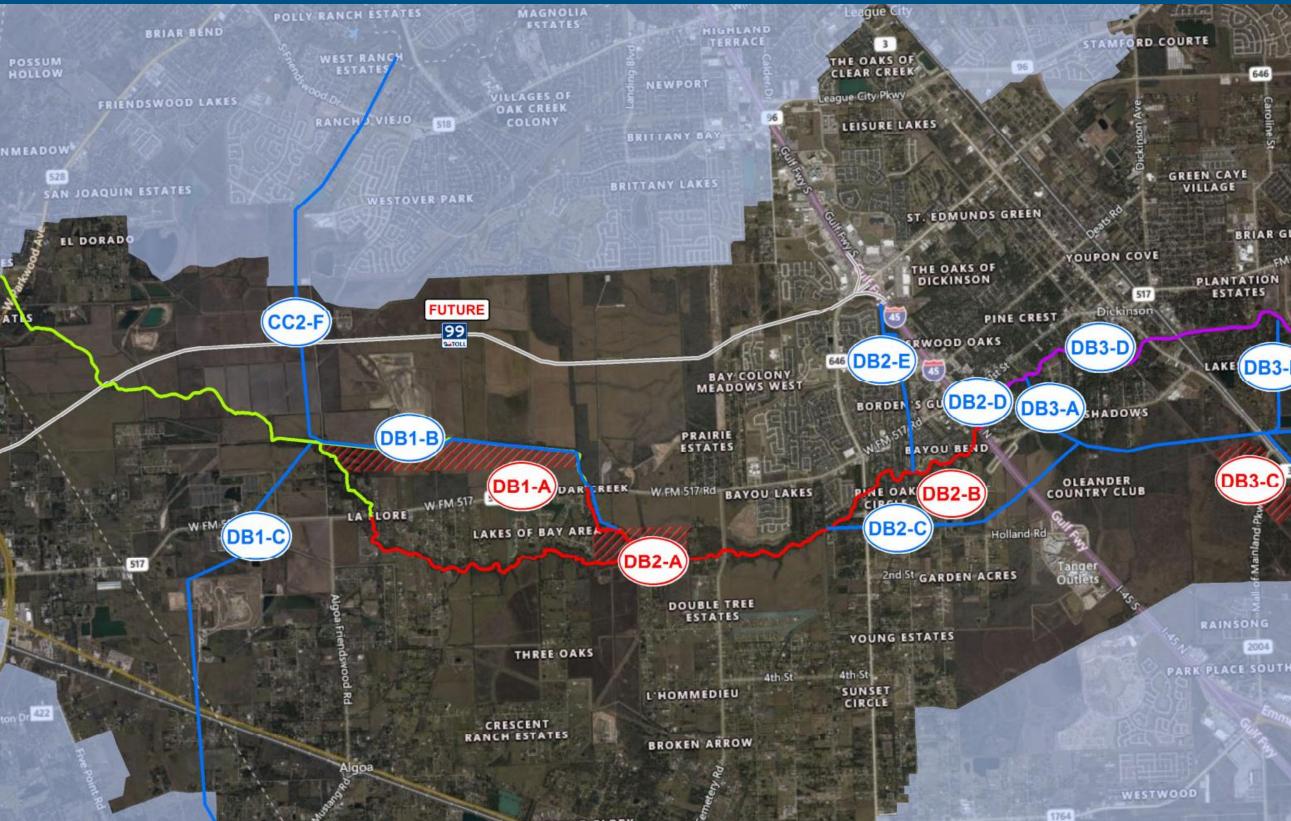
1994 WALSH ENGINEERING, INC. DODSON & ASSOCIATES, INC. Vernon G. Henry & Associates. Inc. Vazquez Environmental Services, Inc.



CC Individual Concepts Evaluated



DB Individual Concepts Evaluated



VILLAGE

BRIAR GLEN

3436

517

PLANTATION ESTATES



2004



DB3-B

CAMPUS CORNERS

Clear Creek Individual Mitigation Effectiveness

Concept	Flooding Instances Eliminated	Flooding Instances Reduced per \$M	Flooding Instances Caused	Flood Damage Reduction (100 year event)	Flood Damage/Capital Cost	Flood Damage Caused (100 year event)	Capital Cost Estimate \$M	Non Cost Factor Weighted Score
Clearing and Desnagging - FM 1959 - Bay Area Blvd	182	12.13	168	22	1.467	15	15	3.8
FM 270 Bypass	59	11.80	0	5	1.000	0	5	4.1
Clear Lake Outlet Expansion	220	8.80	0	25	1.000	0	25	4.5
Replace SH-3 and UPRR Bridge	127	2.54	36	11	0.220	4.5	50	3.7
OHWM Channel Bench - FM 1959 - Bay Area Blvd	247	2.06	262	33	0.275	22	120	3.1
Timber Creek Golf Course Basin	267	2.05	0	29	0.223	0	130	3.1
Channel Improvement I - FM 1959 to Bay Area	386	1.93	406	44	0.220	36	200	2.3
Friendswood Basin	40	1.33	0	5	0.167	0	30	4.8
FM2351 to Clear Lake Tunnel - 40 FT	1065	1.12	0	111	0.117	0	950	4.0
FM528 to Clear Lake Tunnel - 40 FT	875	1.09	0	96	0.120	0	800	4.0
FM1959 to Clear Lake Tunnel - 40 FT	925	0.93	0	100	0.100	0	1000	4.0
Bay Area Blvd to Clear Lake Tunnel - 40 FT	660	0.85	0	75	0.097	0	775	4.0
I-45 to Galveston Bay Tunnel - 40 FT	591	0.74	0	74	0.093	0	800	3.9

100-year event analysis

Dickinson Bayou Individual Mitigation Effectiveness

Concept	Flooding Instances Eliminated	Flooding Instances Reduced per \$M	Flooding Instances Caused	Flood Damage Reduction (100 year event)	Flood Damage/Capital Cost	Flood Damage Caused (100 year event)	Capital Cost Estimate \$M	Non Cost Factor Weighted Score
Bowl Bypass Channel 11000 cfs	1843	7.37	60	126	0.504	1	250	2.6
Bowl Bypass Channel 7500 cfs	1265	6.84	53	95	0.514	1	185	2.6
Bowl Bypass Channel 8500 cfs	1403	6.68	55	104	0.495	1	210	2.6
Magnolia Bayou & Benson Bayou Detention	30	3.75	0	3	0.375	0	8	3.9
McFarland Detention	250	2.50	0	18	0.180	0	100	3.9
Golf Course Detention Basin (Hilton)	33	2.20	0	4	0.267	0	15	4.4
West Cemetary Road Detention Basin	172	1.91	0	15	0.167	0	90	3.9
East Cemetary Road Detention Basin	166	1.28	0	16	0.123	0	130	3.2

100-year event analysis

Overall Individual Mitigation Conclusions

- 1. There is more flow draining to these waterways than can be accommodated.
- 2. There is not a "single solution" that will adequately address flood risk. Combination Solutions are necessary to maximize impact.
- 3. A balanced mitigation plan of additional conveyance and storage benefits the entire study reach and minimizes adverse impacts.

Clear Creek Combination Mitigation Options

Detention/Conveyance Improvements

- Friendswood Basin
- 2. Timber Creek Basin
- 3. Clearing & De-Snagging FM 1959 to Bay Area Blvd
- 4. Replace SH-3 and UPRR
- 5. FM 270 Bypass
- 6. Clear Lake Outlet Expansion
- 7. Voluntary Buyouts

+ FM 2351

Diversion (Tunnel)

Conveyance **Improvements** Plus:

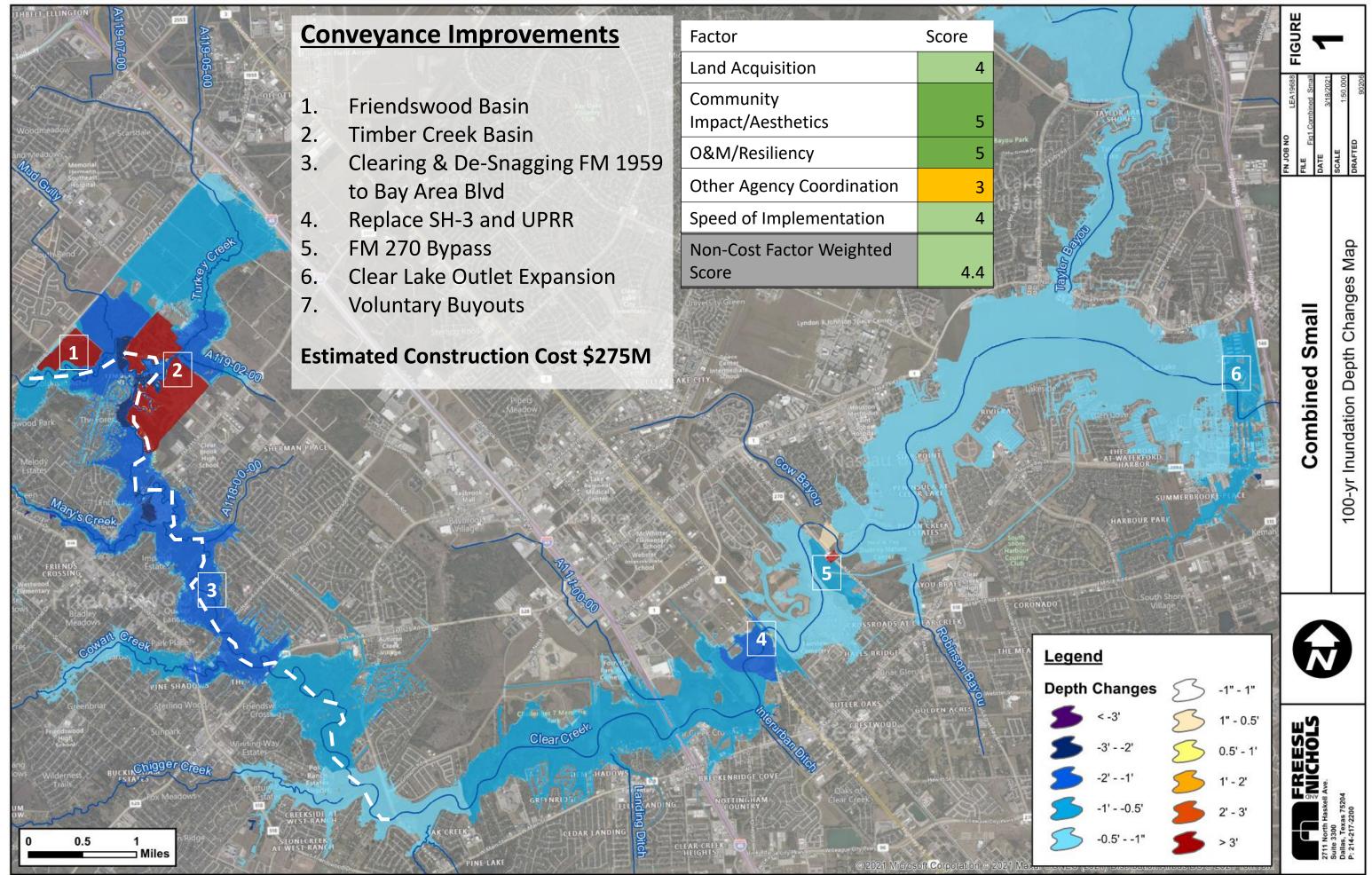
1. FM 2351 Tunnel - 40 ft diameter to Clear Lake

+ I-45 Diversion (Tunnel)

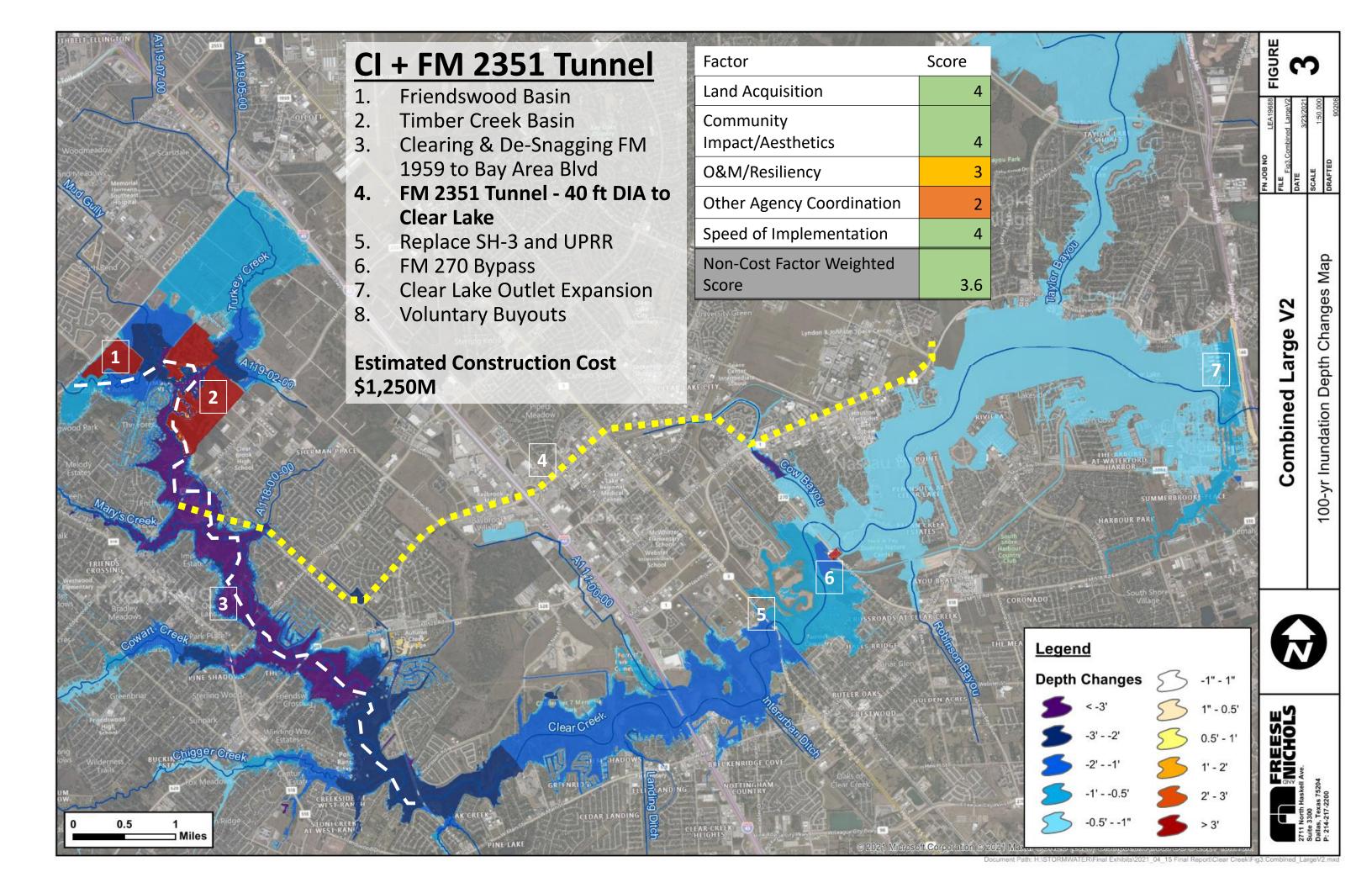
Conveyance Improvements Plus:

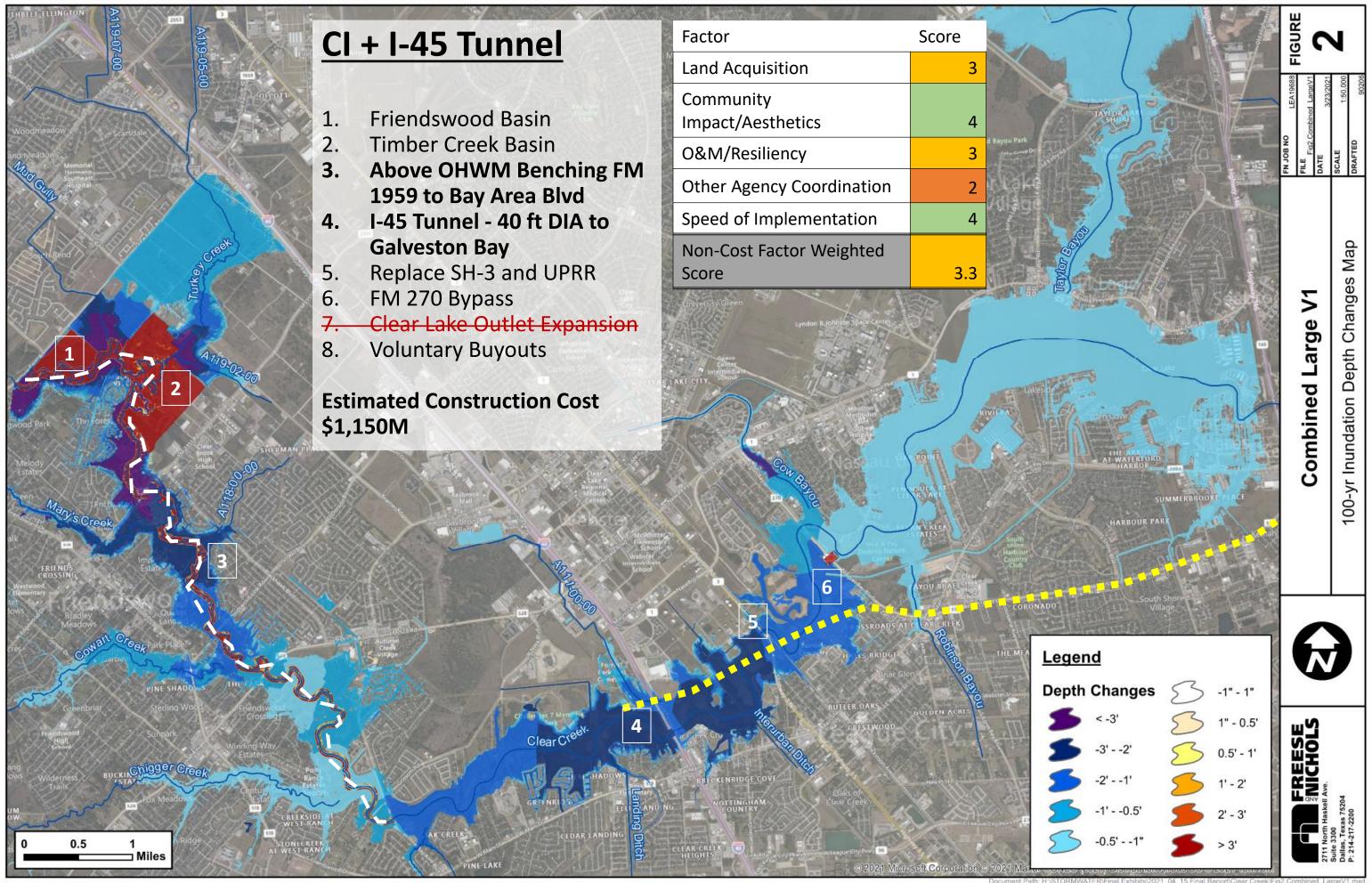
1. Above OHWM Benching FM 1959 to **Bay Area Blvd** 2. I-45 Tunnel - 40 ft diameter to Galveston Bay 3. No Clear Lake Outlet

Expansion Required

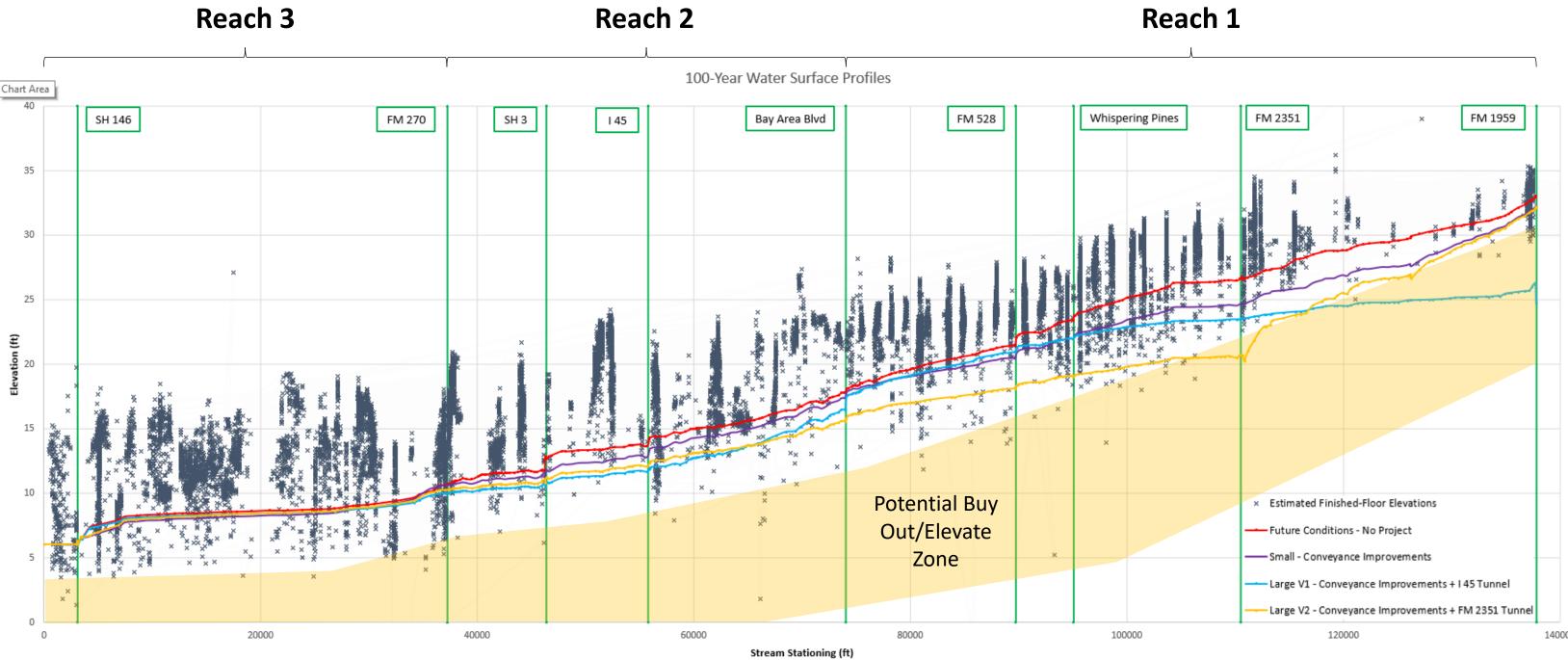


ument Path: H:\STORMWATER\Final Exhibits\2021_04_15 Final Report\Clear Creek\Fig1.Combined_Small.n





Clear Creek Combination Mitigation WSEL Profile



Dickinson Bayou Combination Mitigation Option

Detention

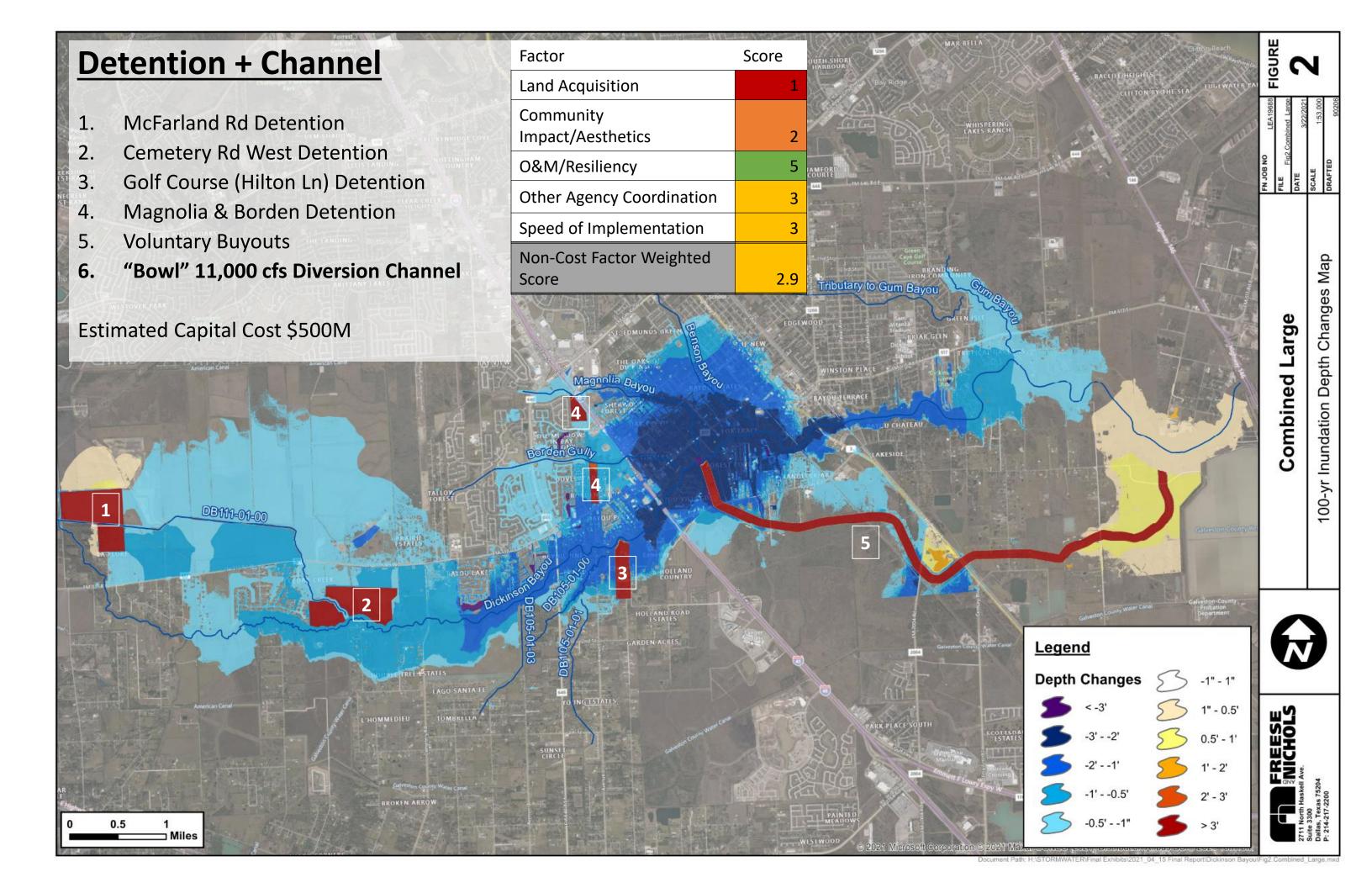
- 1. McFarland Rd Detention
- 2. Cemetery Rd West Detention
- 3. Golf Course (Hilton Ln) Detention
- 4. Magnolia & Borden Detention
- 5. Voluntary Buyouts

Detention + Diversion Channel

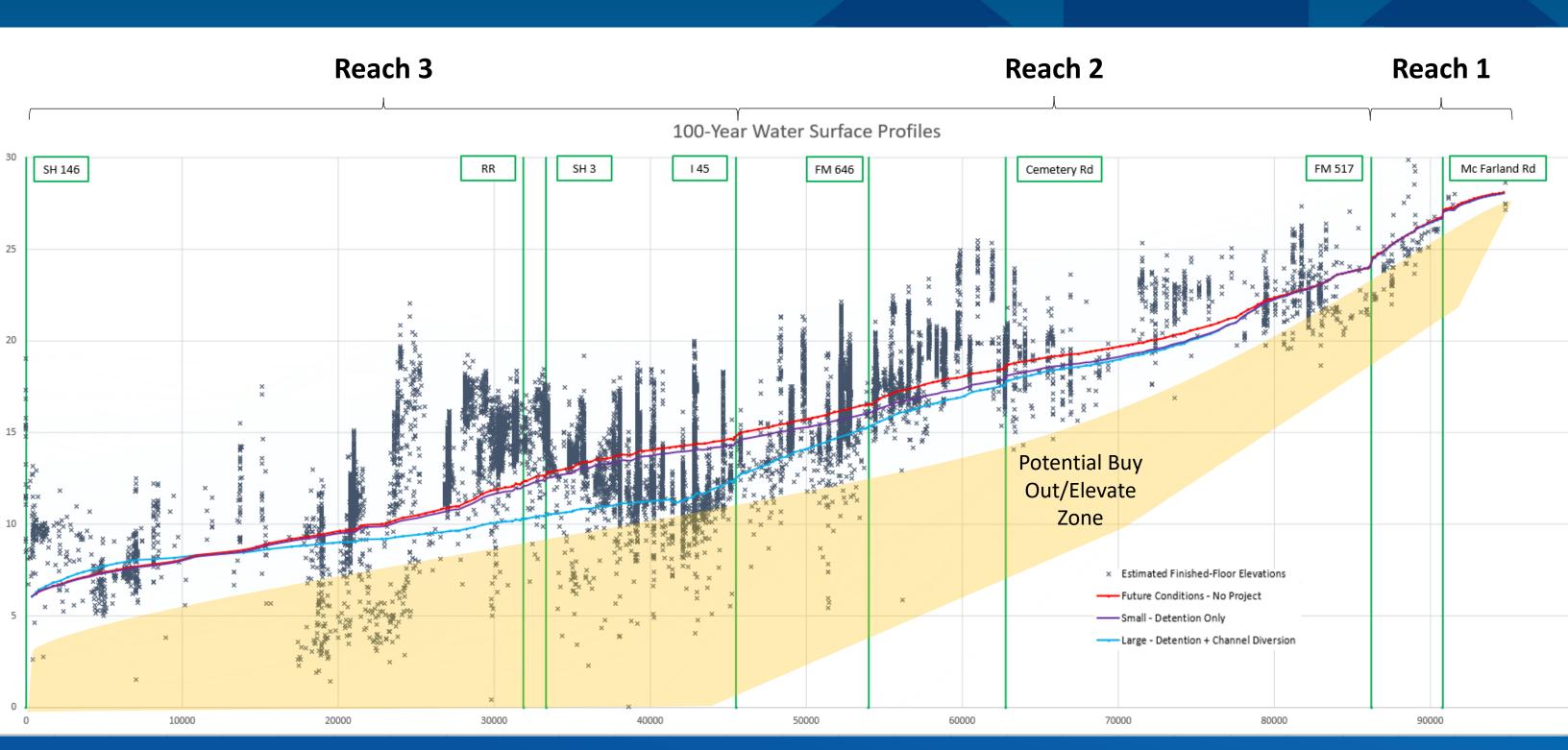
Detention plus:

1. "Bowl" 11,000 cfs Diversion Channel





Dickinson Bayou Combination Mitigation WSEL Profile





Combination Mitigation Conclusions

- Significant residual risk exists east of 1. I-45 in both watersheds due to low lying structures, rising sea levels and storm surge.
- **Diversion solutions provide greater** 2. protection for large storms (100-yr and 500-yr).
 - Tunnels are possibly the only diversion a) option for Clear Creek.
 - b) Open channel diversion is an option for Dickinson Bayou.

- 3. significant.
- 4. most cost efficient, but provide limited flood risk reduction benefit.

Benefits indicated do not fully account for local drainage benefits which could be

Due to cost, non-diversion options are the

Study Recommendations and Path Forward



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Recommendations

- Conveyance improvements upstream cannot be constructed without 1. additional improvements downstream to Galveston Bay.
- Certain improvements (i.e. regional detention ponds) can be 2. constructed now in advance of large flow diversion improvements.
- Feasibility phase is needed and should include understanding of: 3.
 - How local drainage system benefits from riverine water surface reduction increase a) total project flood risk reduction benefits.
 - The impact of Galveston Bay surge improvements on final riverine solutions. b)
- Regardless of the improvements, residual risk will remain. Elevating 4. structures and buy outs will need to be considered as a part of all solutions.
- All viable solutions are expensive. Local partners will need state and federal 5. level support to implement a long-term solution.

Path Forward

- Move forward with design/implementation of regional detention ponds with 1. local/regional funding – "Quick Win" opportunity for H-GAC
- Conduct a deeper review of highest impact alternatives to refine cost and 2. impact
 - Assess impact of riverine water surface reduction on local drainage systems a)
 - Assess impact of coastal barrier improvements on riverine solutions b)
 - Refine size and cost of measures **C**)
 - Assess environmental requirements and develop potential implementation d) schedule
- Continue advocacy for state and federal support 3.

Discussion



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Thank You